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Urban District of Eastwood



ANNUAL REPORT

of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
for the year 1958

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Including the
REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Urban District of Eastwood

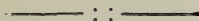


ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year 1958



Including the

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Urban District Council of Eastwood

YEAR 1958

Chairman: MRS. D. RATCLIFFE

Vice-Chairman: MR. H. KNAPP

Rev. P. M. Caporn

Mr. H. G. Morgan

Mr. H. Elliott

Mrs. M. Severn

Mr. A. Fletcher

Mr. R. Swinson

Mr. W. Grainger

Mr. H. Thomas-Maggs

Mr. T. J. Lewis, C.C.

Mrs. E. Walters

Mr. C. Limb

Mr. A. A. Wheeler

Mr. E. Wilson

HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE:

Chairman: Mr. T. J. LEWIS, C.C.

Vice-Chairman: MRS. M. SEVERN

Rev. P. M. Caporn

Mrs. D. Ratcliffe

Mr. A. Fletcher

Mr. H. Thomas-Maggs

Mr. C. Limb

Mr. A. A. Wheeler

Sub-Committee:

Mr. A. Fletcher, Mrs. M. Severn, Mr. A. A. Wheeler and
the Chairman of the Committee

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health:

WILLIAM R. PERRY. M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector:

P. G. ROLLING, Cert.S.I.B., M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.

Clerks:

Miss E. R. Cary

A. J. Parkin

Miss H. J. Cross

Miss J. M. Viles

Annual Report

To THE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF EASTWOOD

Madam Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary Circumstances of the District for the year 1958.

There were 166 Births and 106 Deaths, giving a natural increase of population of 60 during the year.

Following the high Infant Mortality Rate last year, it is pleasing to note that there was only one death of an infant under 12 months.

It is recorded in the body of the Report that for the second year in succession no deaths were caused by Tuberculosis. This improvement in tuberculosis mortality is due to a general raising of the standard of welfare and hygiene of the people, together with the effectiveness of modern medicines in the treatment of the established case. There is, however, no cause for complacency when it is noted that there is no parallel decrease in the number of new cases notified. Of the 14 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis, 8 occurred in the young adult group, indicating that the period of greatest risk of contracting tuberculosis is at the time of leaving school and entering employment.

During the year vaccination against Poliomyelitis was increased by the use of imported American and Canadian vaccine, there being only small supplies of British vaccine available. A total of 1,489 persons under aged 25 years were given protection by two injections.

It is my pleasure to record my thanks and indebtedness to Mr. Rolling and Miss Cary for their unfailing support, and my recognition of the valuable work done by the junior clerks in the administration of the poliomyelitis programme.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

WILLIAM R. PERRY,

Medical Officer of Health.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE EASTWOOD
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Madam Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting, in conjunction with that of your Medical Officer of Health, my Annual Report for the year ended 31st December, 1958.

Satisfactory progress has been made in the various fields of activity with which the Department is concerned.

It is pleasing to record that there has been an increase in the number of new houses built both by the Local Authority and by private developers by comparison with the previous year, the increases respectively being 18 to 30 and 65 to 90, giving a total increase of 37. Local Authority development is now primarily concerned with re-housing the occupiers of premises included in the five year slum clearance programme. The total number of properties dealt with under this programme up to the end of the year was 70. Thirty-two families were re-housed, and 25 properties were demolished.

Whilst there has been a slight increase in the number of applications for Improvement Grants, the total number of nine is somewhat disappointing, as more use could be made of the facilities now available to property owners for securing the modernisation of their houses.

I am particularly pleased to be able to record that my assistant, Mr. A. J. Parkin, qualified as a Public Health Inspector towards the end of the year, and his assistance is much appreciated.

I wish to express my appreciation of your continued support and interest, and my thanks to Dr. Perry for his help and co-operation; also to my colleagues for their assistance.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

P. G. ROLLING,

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

| | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|
| Area | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,172 acres |
| Population: Estimated by Registrar-General (mid-year 1958) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10,720 |
| Number of Inhabited Houses (31st December, 1958) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3,256 |
| Rateable Value (1st January, 1958) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | £81,118 |
| | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | (31st December, 1958) £89,243 |
| Product of Penny Rate (1st January, 1958) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | £330 |
| | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | (31st December, 1958) £357 |

During the period the area remained as constituted on 1st April, 1935, when the Nottinghamshire County Review Order, 1934, came into force.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR

BIRTHS

| Live Births | | | | | | Male | Female | Total |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|-----------|
| Legitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 88 | 75 | 163 |
| Illegitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | | | | | | <hr/> 89 | <hr/> 77 | <hr/> 166 |

Birth Rate (per 1,000 of the population): 15.48

| Still Births | | | | | | Male | Female | Total |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|
| Legitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| Illegitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | — | — | — |
| | | | | | | <hr/> 1 | <hr/> 5 | <hr/> 6 |

Still Birth Rate (per 1,000 total (live and still) Births): 34.88

DEATHS

| | | | | | | Male | Female | Total |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|---------|-------|
| | | | | | | 58 | 48 | 106 |
| | | | | | | Death Rate (per 1,000 of the population): 9.89 | | |
| | | | | | | Natural increase of population (excess births over deaths): 60 | | |
| Infant Mortality | | | | | | Male | Female | |
| Deaths of Infants under one year of age: | | | | | | | | |
| Legitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | |
| Illegitimate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | — | — | |
| | | | | | | <hr/> 1 | <hr/> 1 | |

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age:

| | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| All Infants (per 1,000 births) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12.05 |
| Legitimate Infants (per 1,000 legitimate live births) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12.27 |
| Illegitimate Infants (per 1,000 illegitimate live births) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | — |
| The Death Rate of all Infants (per 1,000 live births) for England and Wales is 22.6. | | | | | | |

Deaths from certain selected causes:

| | |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Cancer (all ages) | 21 |
| Measles (all ages) | — |
| Whooping Cough (all ages) | — |

ALL CAUSES OF DEATH, 1958

| | Male | Female | Total |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1.—Tuberculosis, respiratory | — | — | — |
| 2.—Tuberculosis, other | — | — | — |
| 3.—Syphilitic Disease | — | — | — |
| 4.—Diphtheria | — | — | — |
| 5.—Whooping Cough | — | — | — |
| 6.—Meningococcal Infections | — | — | — |
| 7.—Acute Poliomyelitis | — | — | — |
| 8.—Measles | — | — | — |
| 9.—Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases | 1 | — | 1 |
| 10.—Malignant Neoplasm, stomach | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| 11.—Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus | 5 | — | 5 |
| 12.—Malignant Neoplasm, breast | — | 3 | 3 |
| 13.—Malignant Neoplasm, uterus | — | 1 | 1 |
| 14.—Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 15.—Leukaemia, aleukaemia | — | 2 | 2 |
| 16.—Diabetes | — | — | — |
| 17.—Vascular Lesions of Nervous System | 4 | 7 | 11 |
| 18.—Coronary Disease, Angina | 11 | 6 | 17 |
| 19.—Hypertension with Heart Disease ... | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 20.—Other Heart Diseases | 6 | 11 | 17 |
| 21.—Other Circulatory Diseases | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| 22.—Influenza | — | — | — |
| 23.—Pneumonia | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| 24.—Bronchitis | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| 25.—Other Disease of Respiratory System | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 26.—Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ... | 1 | — | 1 |
| 27.—Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea ... | — | — | — |
| 28.—Nephritis and Nephrosis | — | 1 | 1 |
| 29.—Hyperplasia of Prostate | 1 | — | 1 |
| 30.—Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion ... | — | — | — |
| 31.—Congenital Malformations | — | 1 | 1 |
| 32.—Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases | 7 | 3 | 10 |
| 33.—Motor Vehicle Accidents | — | — | — |
| 34.—All Other Accidents | — | — | — |
| 35.—Suicide | 1 | — | 1 |
| 36.—Homicide and Operations of War ... | — | — | — |
| Total | 58 | 48 | 106 |

AGES AT WHICH DEATH OCCURRED

| Age at time of death | Jan | Feb | Mar. | Apr | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Total 1958 | Totals | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|--------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1957 | 1956 | 1955 | 1954 |
| Under 1 year ... | — | — | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 and under 2 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — |
| 2 and under 5 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | — | — |
| 5 and under 15 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | — |
| 15 and under 25 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 25 and under 35 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 2 | 1 | 7 |
| 35 and under 45 ... | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 2 | — | — | — | 3 | — | 7 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 45 and under 55 ... | 1 | — | — | 2 | — | 2 | — | — | 1 | 2 | — | 1 | 9 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 12 |
| 55 and under 65 ... | 2 | 1 | 3 | — | 1 | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | 2 | 3 | 14 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 65 and under 70 ... | — | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | 2 | — | 1 | 3 | 3 | — | 1 | 13 | 8 | 14 | 16 | 16 |
| 70 and under 75 ... | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | — | 1 | — | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 18 | 15 | 14 | 10 |
| 75 and under 80 ... | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | — | 4 | — | 1 | 3 | 1 | 22 | 15 | 18 | 10 | 14 |
| 80 and under 85 ... | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | 1 | — | 1 | 10 | 13 | 9 | 15 | 4 |
| 85 and under 90 ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 1 | 2 | 1 | — | 9 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 8 |
| 90 and under 95 ... | — | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | 3 | 3 | — | 2 | 3 |
| 95 and under 100 ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 1 | — |
| Totals ... | 10 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 106 | 101 | 96 | 89 | 99 |

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE LAST TEN YEARS

| | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. Tuberculosis, respiratory | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | — | — |
| 2. Tuberculosis, other | 2 | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 3. Syphilitic Diseases | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 4. Diphtheria | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — |
| 5. Whooping Cough | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 6. Meningococcal infections | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7. Acute Poliomyelitis | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 8. Measles | — | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 9. Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases | — | 1 | — | 3 | — | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| 10. Malignant Neoplasm, stomach | — | 2 | — | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 |
| 11. Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus | — | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| 12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast | 11 | — | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | — | — | — | 3 |
| 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus | — | — | — | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms | — | 10 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| 15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 16. Diabetes | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | — |
| 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System | 15 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 17 | 11 | 7 | 16 | 11 | 11 |
| 18. Coronary Disease, angina | 9 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 11 | 13 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 17 |
| 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease | 23 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 20. Other Heart Diseases | — | 19 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 17 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 |
| 21. Other Circulatory Diseases | 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 7 |
| 22. Influenza | 10 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 4 | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | — |
| 23. Pneumonia | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 5 |
| 24. Bronchitis | 5 | 13 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| 25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | — | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum | 4 | 1 | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | — | — | 1 |
| 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | 2 | — | 3 | — | — |
| 28. Nephritis and Nephrosis | — | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 29. Hyperplasia of Prostate | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion | 4 | 1 | — | 1 | — | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 31. Congenital Malformations | 2 | 1 | — | — | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | — |
| 32. Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases | 9 | 8 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 20 | 10 |
| 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents | 1 | 2 | — | 2 | 2 | 3 | — | — | — | — |
| 34. All Other Accidents | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | — |
| 35. Suicide | — | — | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | — | 1 | 1 | — |
| 36. Homicide and Operations of War | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| TOTAL DEATHS | 100 | 102 | 93 | 88 | 104 | 99 | 89 | 96 | 101 | 106 |

The annual variations of the Birth and Death Rates in the District are shown in the following table:—

| Year | Birth Rate Per 1,000 of the Population | | | Death Rate Per 1,000 of the Population | | | Infant Mort. Rate Per 1,000 Live Births | | |
|-------------|--|-----|--------------|--|-----|-------------|--|-----|--------------|
| 1945 | ... | ... | 18.87 | ... | ... | 10.21 | ... | ... | 58.82 |
| 1946 | ... | ... | 18.48 | ... | ... | 10.68 | ... | ... | 63.58 |
| 1947 | ... | ... | 21.73 | ... | ... | 10.97 | ... | ... | 9.61 |
| 1948 | ... | ... | 21.13 | ... | ... | 11.75 | ... | ... | 39.02 |
| 1949 | ... | ... | 20.81 | ... | ... | 10.1 | ... | ... | 33.98 |
| 1950 | ... | ... | 18.14 | ... | ... | 10.22 | ... | ... | 27.62 |
| 1951 | ... | ... | 19.96 | ... | ... | 9.42 | ... | ... | 20.3 |
| 1952 | ... | ... | 15.92 | ... | ... | 8.76 | ... | ... | 18.75 |
| 1953 | ... | ... | 16.43 | ... | ... | 10.3 | ... | ... | 30.12 |
| 1954 | ... | ... | 13.94 | ... | ... | 9.65 | ... | ... | 35.00 |
| 1955 | ... | ... | 14.81 | ... | ... | 8.61 | ... | ... | 26.14 |
| 1956 | ... | ... | 15.71 | ... | ... | 9.31 | ... | ... | 12.34 |
| 1957 | ... | ... | 16.40 | ... | ... | 9.41 | ... | ... | 51.14 |
| 1958 | ... | ... | 15.48 | ... | ... | 9.89 | ... | ... | 12.05 |

Comparative figures for England and Waies read as follows:—

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| 1945 | ... | ... | 16.1 | ... | ... | 11.4 | ... | ... | 46 |
| 1946 | ... | ... | 19.1 | ... | ... | 11.5 | ... | ... | 43 |
| 1947 | ... | ... | 20.5 | ... | ... | 12.0 | ... | ... | 41 |
| 1948 | ... | ... | 17.9 | ... | ... | 10.8 | ... | ... | 34 |
| 1949 | ... | ... | 16.7 | ... | ... | 11.7 | ... | ... | 32 |
| 1950 | ... | ... | 15.8 | ... | ... | 11.6 | ... | ... | 29.8 |
| 1951 | ... | ... | 15.5 | ... | ... | 12.5 | ... | ... | 29.6 |
| 1952 | ... | ... | 15.3 | ... | ... | 11.3 | ... | ... | 27.6 |
| 1953 | ... | ... | 15.5 | ... | ... | 11.4 | ... | ... | 26.8 |
| 1954 | ... | ... | 15.2 | ... | ... | 11.3 | ... | ... | 25.5 |
| 1955 | ... | ... | 15.0 | ... | ... | 11.7 | ... | ... | 24.9 |
| 1956 | ... | ... | 15.6 | ... | ... | 11.7 | ... | ... | 23.8 |
| 1957 | ... | ... | 16.1 | ... | ... | 11.5 | ... | ... | 23.1 |
| 1958 | ... | ... | 16.4 | ... | ... | 11.7 | ... | ... | 22.6 |

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Public Health Officers

A list of Public Health Officers appears at the commencement of this Report.

Laboratory Facilities

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, samples and specimens are sent to the Public Health Laboratory, 63, Goldsmith Street, Nottingham (Telephone No.: Nottingham 46436).

Mortuary Accommodation

The Mortuary, which is situated at the rear of the Council Offices, Church Street, Eastwood, was used on 37 occasions, as compared with 38 for the previous year. Of these 37 cases, 21 related to persons whose death occurred outside the Urban District.

Mortuary facilities serve the adjoining Parishes of Brinsley, Greasley, Awsworth, Kimberley and Nuthall, and the Rural District Council of Basford, by agreement, are responsible for the payment of fees in respect of persons brought from their district. These fees at the present time are 10s. for the use of the Mortuary with an additional charge of 10s. when a post-mortem is held. These charges have remained unchanged since this service was made available in September, 1948.

Ambulance Facilities

The Ambulance Service is administered by the Nottinghamshire County Council, and the Sub-Station at the Council Offices, Church Street, Eastwood, ensures that vehicles are readily available for the inhabitants of the district.

An ambulance is summoned by telephoning to the County Ambulance Control, **Telephone Nottm. 55939**, and in the event of an Eastwood ambulance not being available a vehicle is despatched from the nearest County Station.

The service is free and all urgent calls for accident, sudden illness or maternity are answered without question. Non-urgent calls, such as for routine hospital attendance, are only accepted if supported by a recommendation from the District Medical Officer of Health, hospital doctor, private practitioner, nurse, midwife, dentist or other responsible person.

Hospital Service

The hospitals serving this area are at Nottingham (9 miles); Heanor (3 miles); Ilkeston (5 miles); and Mansfield (13 miles).

Application for admission to general hospitals is made direct to the hospital through a doctor or other responsible person. Maternity cases requiring hospital confinement are normally referred to the hospital by the doctor at the Ante-Natal Clinic or by a general practitioner.

Cases of tuberculosis requiring admission to sanatoria are referred to the Chest Physician, Nottingham and District Chest Centre, Gregory Boulevard, Nottingham. (Telephone No.: Nottingham 79497).

Cases of infectious disease requiring admission to an isolation hospital are first referred to the District Medical Officer of Health for decision regarding the necessity for admission to hospital. All admissions and discharges of infectious disease cases are notified to the District Medical Officer.

The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board controls the Infectious Diseases Hospitals which serve this area. During the year no difficulties were encountered in securing the hospitalization of persons suffering from infectious diseases, and throughout the year three cases only were required to be admitted to hospital.

The Lodge Moor Isolation Hospital at Sheffield has been designated by the Board to serve this area for the reception of cases of smallpox.

Treatment Centres and Clinics

The following services are under the control of the Nottinghamshire County Council, and are held at the Child Welfare Clinic, Devonshire Drive, Eastwood (Tel.: Langley Mill 2656).

Child Welfare Centre.—Weekly: Thursday, 9.30 to 12 noon.

Ante-Natal Clinic.—Fortnightly: Tuesday, 9.30 to 12 noon.

School Clinic.—Twice Weekly: Tuesday, 2 to 4 p.m.; Friday, 9.30 to 12 noon.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries are at Mansfield, Newark, Nottingham, Retford and Worksop.

Venereal Diseases Treatment Centres are at Mansfield and Nottingham.

Nursing in the Home

Three District Nurses reside in the area for the purpose of treating non-infectious cases. Their nursing area includes the adjoining Parish of Greasley in the Rural District of Basford.

The service is free, and a District Nurse will always do her best to answer an emergency call without waiting for formalities to be completed. In non-emergency cases the Nurse will attend at the request of the private doctor.

The Nurses operate from the following addresses:—

47, Ratcliffe Street, Eastwood. (Tel.: Langley Mill 3371).

314, Nottingham Road East, Eastwood. (Tel.: Langley Mill 2333).

Midwifery Service

There are three Midwives practising and residing in the Urban District. Gas and Air Analgesia during child-birth is available to all persons residing in the area.

It is very important that an expectant mother should book her Midwife (and her doctor if she so desires) very early in her pregnancy. Names and addresses of Midwives can be obtained from the Notts. County Council, Shire Hall, Nottingham. (Tel.: Nottingham 55024).

Home Help Service

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available throughout the area where service is required owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, aged, mentally defective, or a child not over compulsory school age.

In maternity cases a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoons and Sunday, and her duties include ordinary domestic work such as cleaning, cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness, or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people, Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for this service is 3s. 3d. per hour, but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

The office address is: Home Help Service, 66, High Street, Hucknall. (Telephone No.: Hucknall 93).

Health Visiting

There are two Health Visitors employed by the Nottinghamshire County Council on Maternity and Child Welfare work in the district. The services of a Health Visitor may be secured by calling at the Child Welfare Centre.

Prevention of Illness, Care and After-Care

Facilities provided by the Nottinghamshire County Council, as the Local Health Authority under Part III. of the National Health Service Act, 1946, for the prevention of illness, care and after-care are summarised below.

Tuberculosis

By arrangement with the County Council, the Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis carry out valuable social work, designed not only to facilitate the patient's recovery by solving the special problems of the tuberculosis household, but also to influence the domestic and working environment so as to minimise the chances of relapse and to protect family contacts.

These arrangements now include a scheme for the provision of domiciliary occupational therapy for patients unable to follow their normal employment.

The County Council organise domiciliary visits by trained Health Visitors, provide for the loan of shelters to appropriate cases and arrange rehabilitation at the Sherwood Village Settlement.

B.C.G. vaccination of contacts against tuberculosis is also available through the Chest Physician employed jointly by the County Council and Regional Hospital Board.

Other Types of Illness

- (a) Almoner Service to help and advise on all social problems, including general care and after-care, convalescence and admission to hospital of chronic sick and senile patients.
- (b) Loan of nursing equipment and appliances to patients being nursed at home.
- (c) Convalescence (not involving active medical treatment)—on the recommendation of a general practitioner and subject to contribution by applicants towards the cost involved according to their financial circumstances.
- (d) Infectious Diseases—routine visits by Health Visitors to advise and assist in the prevention of spread of infection.
- (e) Venereal Diseases—follow-up work by Almoners.
- (f) Health Education, including courses of instruction, special lectures to established organisations (including the use of films and film-strips) and the issue of pamphlets, brochures and posters.

WELFARE FOODS SERVICE

The distribution of the National Welfare Foods (National Dried Milk, Cod Liver Oil, Vitamins A and D Tablets and Orange Juice) by the County Council has continued unchanged throughout the year. Entitlement Documents for these Welfare foods are issued by local offices of the Ministry of Pensions and National Insurance.

Welfare Foods are distributed from the Child Welfare Clinic, Devonshire Drive, Eastwood, and from the Methodist Chapel, Dovecote Road, Newthorpe.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1951

Establishments for Massage or Special Treatment

Part VII. of this Act came into force on the 10th March, 1952, in the Eastwood Urban District and the powers and duties applicable to this section have been delegated to the Eastwood Urban District Council.

At the end of the year there were two licensed establishments in the District for massage or special treatment at No. 140, Nottingham Road, and at No. 117a, Nottingham Road.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

The District Welfare Officer for the Eastwood District is Mr. G. H. Long—office address: 6, Mansfield Road, Eastwood (Telephone No.: Langley Mill 3258) and 66-68, High Street, Hucknall (Telephone No.: Hucknall 93). Home address: 35, Grosvenor Road, Eastwood (Telephone No.: Langley Mill 2442).

Homes for the Aged

The National Assistance Act, 1948, placed a duty and responsibility on County and Borough Councils to provide residential accommodation for persons who, by reason of old age, infirmity or other circumstances, are in need of care and attention which is not otherwise available to them.

For this purpose, the Nottinghamshire County Council maintains three residential establishments, which have been modernised and re-equipped, and has provided 11 new houses, all of which are now open and occupied to capacity. Details of the accommodation at these are as follows:—

Residential Establishments:

1. "Stanhope House," Nottingham Road, Bingham—32 men and 32 women.
2. "Hillcrest," Leverton Road, Retford—56 men and 56 women.
3. "Greet House," Upton Road, Southwell—38 men and 52 women.

Homes:

1. "The Old Hall," Balderton—18 men and women.
2. "Parkside," Worksop—27 men and women.
3. "Clayworth Hall," Retford—20 men and women.
4. "Oaklands," Retford—18 men and women.
5. "Mount Vernon," Retford—21 women.
6. "The Old Vicarage," Southwell—19 men and women.
7. "Gedling Manor," Carlton—32 men and women.
8. "Beech Hill," Mansfield—19 men and women.
9. "South Manor," Ruddington—36 men and women.
10. "South Muskham Prebend," Southwell—28 men and women.
11. "Kirklands," Kirkby-in-Ashfield—38 men and women

The homes are provided for elderly persons of both sexes, including married couples who, on account of advancing years or infirmity, are no longer able to look after themselves in their own homes and have no one able and willing to look after and care for them. They are not intended for sick persons who need constant medical attention or nursing care, but residents suffering from minor ailments are looked after as in ordinary households,

A maximum charge of £5 10s. 10d. per week is made at present, but residents who cannot afford to pay this amount are required to pay only what they can afford. For example, a resident whose only income is a retirement pension, an old age pension or a National Assistance Board Allowance, keeps 10s. 0d. per week for personal spending.

Short Stay Accommodation

Facilities are available at an annexe to one of the Homes at Southwell for the accommodation for short periods of aged people normally receiving care and attention from relatives to enable such relatives to have a holiday or otherwise to have a short period of relief from their responsibilities.

Welfare Services for the Physically Handicapped

In addition to certain Welfare services made available for blind and partially sighted persons through the agency of the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind, Nottingham, the County Council provides a comprehensive advisory service for persons permanently and substantially handicapped by other forms of physical disability, to ensure that their needs are met, as far as is practicable, by the appropriate statutory or voluntary provision; and special services are available for them through the County Welfare Department.

An Occupational Service, designed to provide minor out-work and handicrafts for handicapped persons in their homes or at centres staffed by qualified occupational therapists, has been established by the County Council and operates throughout the County. The County Council has also a scheme whereby a few sighted disabled persons may be trained and employed in sheltered conditions in the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind.

Adaptations are carried out at the homes of crippled people, or fixtures provided, to enable them to be as independent as possible. Limited assistance is now available in connection with holidays.

A special Welfare Officer for the Deaf has been appointed to help the deaf and dumb and the hard of hearing throughout the County. He is available to act as interpreter whenever such assistance is required and works in liaison with the Secretary/Superintendent of the Nottingham Institution for the Deaf.

Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in Need of Care and Attention (Section 47)

No legal action was taken under this section of the National Assistance Act, 1948. Voluntary admissions to hospital are arranged for aged persons who are chronic sick or in need of care and attention where it is considered they can be better looked after away from home. It was necessary to arrange for one such voluntary admission during the year.

Burial or Cremation of the Dead (Section 50)

The Council made arrangements for the burial of one person during the year under this section of the Act.

National Assistance (Amendment) Act, 1951

The Council has authorised the Medical Officer of Health to make applications under this Act to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction or to a single Justice of the Peace for an order for the urgent removal of certain persons from the premises in which they are residing to a hospital or other place, instead of such application being made by the Council.

No applications for Court Orders under this Act were made in 1958.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925 (Section 66) AND PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936 (Section 176)

Prevention of Blindness

No action was taken during the year under the above Sections.

CHILDREN ACT, 1948, AND CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS' ACT, 1933

Child Care Officers covering the area of the Eastwood Urban District Council are:—

Miss B. Reid, Miss M. Hibbins and Mr. J. C. Booler,
1, Short Hill, Nottingham.
Tel.: Nottingham 54982

The Children's Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council is charged with the responsibility of investigating complaints about the welfare of children and taking those into its care who are not properly looked after. Proceedings may be taken and the children committed to the care of the Council through the Juvenile Courts. The Department also receives applications from parents and others who have the care of children and may take these children into its care.

Children's Homes are maintained in most parts of the County and, in addition, there is a children's nursery, two hostels for young working people, two approved schools and a remand home for boys. Apart from taking a child into its care, the Department may secure that proper provision is made through one or other Welfare Services or take action to bring about the rehabilitation of problem families or supervise the welfare of children in their own homes in certain circumstances.

As many as possible of the children in the care of the Council are placed in foster homes, and the Visiting Officers are always glad to hear of members of the general public who are prepared to help in this way, and to give further information about the Council's scheme.

Special efforts were made to cater for children who needed to be cared for temporarily in circumstances such as the admission of the mother to hospital for operation or confinement. In this connection, an endeavour has been made to build up a panel of foster parents who would be prepared to take into their homes a small family of two or three children at short notice. Adequate boarding allowances are paid to these foster parents who take children on a temporary basis and help is given by the loan of beds, cots and prams where necessary.

Child Protection

Part VII. of the Public Health Act, 1936, as extended by Part V. of the Children Act, 1948, requires that every person who is not a relative and who undertakes to keep for payment a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age, either apart from its parents or having no parent, must give seven days' prior notice to the Children's Officer, Shire Hall, Nottingham, of the intended reception of the child.

Adoption

Section II. of the Adoption Act, 1950, requires that, before any application for an Adoption Order in respect of a child is presented to the court, the Children's Officer must have received three months' prior notice from the applicants of their intention to apply for the Order.

Third Party Placements

When any person, other than a parent or guardian, makes arrangements for a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age to be placed in the care and possession of another person who is not a relative of the child, then that person is required to give the Children's Officer at least seven days' prior notice of the intended placement. This provision is made to safeguard children who are not placed for reward or adoption and some person other than the parent or guardian participates in the arrangements.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water

The whole of the district has a piped water supply provided by the City of Nottingham Water Corporation, and throughout the year this was of a good quality and sufficient in volume and pressure.

No samples were taken for bacteriological examination or chemical analysis, and the waters are not liable to have a plumbosolvent action.

All dwelling-houses throughout the district are supplied direct from the public water mains.

In connection with private housing development, water mains were provided at the Beauvale Estate, Rockley Avenue and Charles Avenue.

Drainage and Sewerage

The whole of the district, except for three small low-lying areas at Bailey Grove, Bridge Terrace and Mansonfields, and Newmanleys Road, all near the south-west boundary, is provided with sewers.

New foul sewers were provided in connection with new housing development at the Beauvale Estate, Rockley Avenue and Charles Avenue.

Improvements were carried out to the surface water sewer at lower Church Street by extending the increased diameter pipe so as to remedy temporary flooding which had occurred from time to time at this point.

The sewers at Greenhills Road and Nethergreen continue to be affected by mining subsidence and periodic attention is required to prevent obstructions and permit the free flow of sewage.

The Sewage Disposal Works are under the control of the joint Councils of Basford and Eastwood.

Rivers and Streams

The Trent River Board is statutorily responsible within its area for the prevention of river pollution and other functions conferred upon it by the River Boards Act, 1948, and, for this purpose, retains the services of special Rivers Inspectors.

The Beauvale Brook on part of the northern boundary, and the Nethergreen Brook on part of the eastern boundary of the district, join the River Erewash, which forms the boundary on the western side of the district, and this is also the County Boundary of Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire at this point.

Public Cleansing

Household Refuse

There were no changes throughout the period in the arrangements for the collection of household refuse, one vehicle, a Shelvoke and Drewry rear-loading Fore and Aft 18 cubic

yards capacity tipping vehicle, being employed whole-time and supplemented by a 7 cubic yards capacity side-loading Bedford vehicle when necessary.

A weekly collection of house and trade refuse was satisfactorily maintained throughout the year and the cost of this service, both in relation to population and premises served, compared favourably with the costs of other Authorities in the country and were considerably lower than the averages for all Urban Districts, both for coal mining towns and other towns.

Arrangements for the storage of household refuse:—

| | |
|---|-------|
| No. of houses supplied with moveable receptacles (dustbins) | 3,241 |
| No. of houses supplied with fixed receptacles (dry ashpits, privy middens, and closet pails) | 15 |

The procedure for securing the replacement of defective bins was not changed, the Council again supplying dustbins upon charge where there had been a failure to comply with Notices served under Section 75 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

Refuse Disposal

The Nottingham Road disposal tip was used throughout the year for the reception of all house and trade refuse. When levelled this site is to be used for the extension of the sports ground and adjoining playing field.

The levelling and consolidation of the refuse is all carried out by mechanical means, and during the year the Bristol 22 Angledozer was replaced by a diesel Ferguson Tractor, which is used in conjunction with the Conder Earth Scraper.

Salvage

The arrangements for the collection of salvage continued as during the previous year. Waste paper was not, however, a good marketable commodity and this is reflected in the reduced tonnage of approximately 22 tons, with a corresponding decrease in value of all types of salvage, amounting to £952, compared with £1,187 for the previous year.

The Salvage Bonus paid to the men engaged on refuse and salvage collection totalled £82, as compared with £133 for the previous year. Bonus is assessed at the rate of 25 per cent. of the value of waste paper sold in excess of six tons per month.

The total nett cost of Refuse Collection, Disposal and Salvage for the financial year ending 31st March, 1959, was £5,816, as compared with £5,150, £5,342, £4,881, £4,026 and £3,950 for the five years immediately preceding.

Street Cleansing.

Street cleansing is carried out by street orderlies and a Lewin mechanical sweeper-collector, daily attention being given to the shopping area. In the Urban District there are approximately $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles of County or Classified roads, and 9 miles of District roads.

SUMMARY OF SALVAGE COLLECTED

Years 1954 to 1958

| Year | Bones | | Ferrous Metals | | Non-Ferrous Metals | | Kitchen Waste | | Textiles | | Waste Paper | | Income | |
|------|-------|----|----------------|----|--------------------|----|---------------|----|----------|----|-------------|----|--------|-------|
| | T. C. | Q. | T. C. | Q. | T. C. | Q. | T. C. | Q. | T. C. | Q. | T. C. | Q. | £ | s. d. |
| 1954 | 0 12 | 1½ | 2 3 | 1 | 0 0 | 3½ | 2 11 | 0 | 8 10 | 0½ | 160 12 | 1¾ | 1237 | 8 1 |
| 1955 | 0 8 | 0 | 2 14 | 0 | — | — | — | — | 7 9 | 1½ | 170 5 | 3¼ | 1494 | 1 1 |
| 1956 | 0 8 | 0 | 3 4 | 1 | 0 3 | 2 | — | — | 5 9 | 3 | 162 15 | 3 | 1535 | 0 9 |
| 1957 | — | — | 0 1 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 4 4 | 2½ | 137 12 | 0 | 1187 | 0 1 |
| 1958 | — | — | 3 2 | 0 | 0 1 | 3 | — | — | 4 10 | 3 | 115 13 | 3 | 952 | 3 1 |

The total expenditure on street cleansing for the financial year was £1,361 compared with £1,222 for the previous year. The expenses of cleansing County roads is shared by that Authority and the contribution from the County Council for the financial year was £429.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area

| | |
|--|------|
| 1. Total number of complaints received or registered during the period | 112 |
| 2. Total number of inspections made during the period | 1001 |
| 3. Total number of nuisances and defects dealt with during the year | 144 |
| 4. Total number of notices served during the period:— | |
| (a) Informal | 64 |
| (b) Statutory | 9 |
| 5. Total number of notices complied with during the period:— | |
| (a) Informal | 50 |
| (b) Statutory | 9 |

Petroleum (Regulations) Acts, 1928 and 1936

| | |
|---|---------|
| Number of Licences issued to store Petroleum | 12 |
| Number of Licences issued to store Carbide of Calcium | Nil |
| Total storage capacity for Petroleum Spirit (Galls.) | 22,350 |
| Total Fees collected | £10 5 0 |

All new underground tanks are subjected to a pressure test of 5 lb. per square inch.

All licensed premises have been inspected and found to be kept in accordance with the conditions of the licences issued.

Pet Animals Act, 1951.

This Act regulates the conditions under which animals for sale are kept. Provision must be made for their proper feeding and cleanliness and for their proper care and attention when the premises are closed and the owner is away.

One application for the renewal of a licence was received and granted.

Shops Act, 1950.

No complaints were received during the period under the provisions of Section 38 of this Act, which relates to sanitary conveniences, ventilation and temperature in shops in which persons are employed.

Alterations and modernisation to six existing premises were carried out during the year.

Moveable Dwellings

Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936, contains provisions for regulating the use of moveable dwellings within the district and the granting of licences for the use of sites and the use of caravans. There are no sites licensed within the district and no formal applications for licences were received.

The only vans stationed temporarily in the district are those used in connection with the travelling Fairs and these are exempt from the above provisions.

Atmospheric Pollution

The Clean Air Act of 1956 came into operation on the 31st December of that year and deals with the emission of smoke both from industrial and residential premises. No detailed information is available as to the costs of establishing smoke control areas, which is the ultimate aim of the Clean Air Act.

One application for conversion from solid fuel to oil burning equipment was received during the year and approved.

Insofar as the Council's own premises are concerned, both heating boilers at the Council Offices, Church Street, have been converted from solid fuel to oil.

New buildings are subject to the requirements of the Clean Air Act in that new Building Byelaws were adopted during the year.

Swimming Baths and Pools

There are no public or privately owned swimming baths or pools within the area. The nearest open-air swimming baths are situate in the adjoining Urban District of Heanor.

Verminous Premises

No cases of bed bug infestation, either in Council or non-Council premises, were reported during the year.

As in previous years there has been difficulty with ants, necessitating repeated applications of insecticide. One case of insect infestation in a Council house was dealt with and after examination the insects were found to belong to the genus *ptinus* or *ptinus tectus* species. The premises were satisfactorily cleared after treatment.

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

During the year forty-three complaints of rat and mice infestations were received, and all were treated by pre-baiting and poisoning with zinc phosphide or by Warfarin.

The customary six-monthly treatment of the sewers for the purpose of rat destruction was carried out, and regular attention was also given to the refuse disposal tip and salvage depot where conditions are favourable for the breeding of rats.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907 (Section 86).

One person was registered as an Old Metal and Marine Store Dealer at the end of the year.

HOUSING

During the year representations were submitted in respect of ten unfit houses. Seven were the subject of Clearance Order procedure and three for individual demolition, and all were subsequently dealt with by way of Clearance and Demolition Orders respectively. In addition, undertakings were accepted in respect of two individual houses, which were subsequently demolished.

There were nine applications for Improvement Grants under the provisions of the Housing Act, 1949, and the Council made a grant of forty per cent. of an approved expenditure, subject, however, to a maximum of £100 in each individual case. The total amount paid in grants during the year was £535.

The Rent Act, 1957, came into operation on the 6th July, 1957. This Act superseded the provisions of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954, insofar as matters affecting the issue of Certificates of Disrepair were concerned. Details of the work involved are set out in the tabulated statement below.

The total number of persons re-housed in new houses provided by the Local Authority was 80, and by the end of the year there were 863 Council houses in occupation.

RENT ACT, 1957.

| | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|-----|-----|----|
| (1) | Number of applications for certificates | ... | ... | ... | 13 |
| (2) | Number of decisions not to issue certificates | ... | ... | ... | 1 |
| (3) | Number of decisions to issue certificates:— | | | | |
| | (a) in respect of some but not all defects | ... | ... | ... | 5 |
| | (b) in respect of all defects | ... | ... | ... | 17 |
| (4) | Number of undertakings given by landlords | ... | ... | ... | 13 |
| (5) | Number of undertakings refused by Local Authority | ... | ... | ... | — |
| (6) | Number of certificates issued | ... | ... | ... | 6 |
| (7) | Applications by landlords to Local Authority for cancellation of certificates | ... | ... | ... | 2 |
| (8) | Objections by tenants to cancellation of certificates | ... | ... | ... | — |
| (9) | Decisions by Local Authority to cancel in spite of tenants' objection | ... | ... | ... | — |
| (10) | Certificates cancelled by the Local Authority | ... | ... | ... | 2 |

HOUSING STATISTICS

Number of houses erected during the year:—

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (a) | By the Local Authority | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30 |
| (b) | Privately built | ... | ... | ... | ... | 90 |
| Total number of houses erected | | | | | | 120 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| 1.—Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year:— | |
| (1) (a) Total Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) | 42 |
| (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose | 87 |
| (2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses included under sub-head ((1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations | Nil |
| (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose | Nil |
| (3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation | 12 |
| (4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation | 32 |
| 2.—Remedy of Defects during the year without service of formal Notices:— | |
| Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers | 27 |
| 3.—Action under Statutory Powers during the year:— | |
| (a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957:— | |
| (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs | Nil |
| (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:— | |
| (a) By owners | — |
| (b) By Local Authority in default of owners | — |
| (b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— | |
| (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied | — |
| (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal Notices:— | |
| (a) By owners | — |
| (b) By Local Authority in default of owners | — |
| (c) Proceedings under Sections 16, 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957:— | |
| (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made | 4 |
| (2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders | 1 |
| (3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Clearance Orders | 14 |

| | | |
|---|--|-----|
| (d) | Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957:— | |
| (1) | Number of separate tenements or under-ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made | Nil |
| (2) | Number of separate tenements or under-ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit | Nil |
| (e) | Proceedings under Sections 10 and 11 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953. Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made | Nil |
| 1.—Housing Act, 1957, Part IV.—Overcrowding:— | | |
| (a) | (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year | — |
| | (ii) Number of families dwelling therein | — |
| | (iii) Number of persons dwelling therein | — |
| (b) | Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year | Nil |
| (c) | (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year | Nil |
| | (ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases | — |
| (d) | Number of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding | Nil |

It is still not possible to assess the real position of overcrowding throughout the district in the absence of a detailed survey.

HOUSING ACTS, 1936 & 1957

Summary of action taken with Houses not regarded as capable of repair, 1936 to 1958:—

| | |
|--|-----|
| No. of Clearance Areas represented | 10 |
| No. of Clearance Orders made and confirmed | 8 |
| No. of Clearance Areas where houses purchased before the making of a Clearance Order | 1 |
| No. of Houses in Clearance Areas | 89 |
| No. of Representations made for Demolition and Closing Orders | 133 |
| No. of Demolition Orders made | 101 |
| No. of Closing Orders made | 12 |
| No. of Undertakings accepted to make the houses fit for human habitation | 6 |
| No. of Undertakings given by the owners to cease to use the premises for human habitation | 13 |
| No. of Houses to be demolished | 186 |
| No. of Houses demolished | 147 |
| No. of Houses where demolition is pending | 39 |
| No. of persons displaced from unfit houses | 597 |

HOUSING

The following table shows the number of houses erected
since 1921:—

| Year | Houses Erected by the Council | Houses Erected by Private Enterprise | Total |
|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| 1921 | 18 (Addison Villas) | — | 18 |
| 1922 | 22 (do.) | — | 22 |
| 1923 | — | 1 | 1 |
| 1924 | — | 10 | 10 |
| 1925 | — | 42 | 42 |
| 1926 | — | 18 | 18 |
| 1927 | — | 6 | 6 |
| 1928 | — | 3 | 3 |
| 1929 | — | 6 | 6 |
| 1930 | 50 (South Street) | 1 | 51 |
| 1931 | 53 (do.) | 9 | 62 |
| 1932 | 40 (do.) | 12 | 52 |
| 1933 | 20 (do.) | 6 | 26 |
| 1934 | — | 12 | 12 |
| 1935 | 30 (Newthorpe Common) ... | 11 | 41 |
| 1936 | 4 (South Street) | 29 | 33 |
| 1937 | 26 (Newthorpe Common) ... | 38 | 64 |
| 1938 | 32 (Mill Road) | 15 | 47 |
| 1939 | — | 4 | 4 |
| 1940-45 | — | — | — |
| 1946 | 20 (Newthorpe Common) ... | 1 | 21 |
| 1947 | 48 (Church View Estate) | 2 | 50 |
| 1948 | 100 (do.) | 4 | 104 |
| 1949 | 54 (do.) | 3 | 57 |
| 1950 | 60 (do.) | 5 | 71 |
| | 6 (Memorial Cottages) | | |
| 1951 | 62 (Church View Estate) | 6 | 68 |
| 1952 | 44 (do.) | 21 | 65 |
| 1953 | 34 (do.) | 41 | 75 |
| 1954 | 42 (do.) | 37 | 79 |
| 1955 | 38 (do.) | 46 | 84 |
| 1956 | 12 (do.) | 50 | 62 |
| 1957 | 18 (do.) | 65 | 83 |
| 1958 | 30 (do.) | 90 | 120 |
| TOTALS | 863 | 594 | 1,457 |

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MEAT AND FOOD

Milk Supply.

Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949-1953.

At the end of the year the following Licences had been issued:—

- 1 Dealer's Licence authorising the use of the Special Designation "Tuberculin Tested."
- 1 Supplementary Licence authorising the use of the Special Designation "Tuberculin Tested."
- 1 Supplementary Licence authorising the use of the Special Designation "Pasteurised."
- 4 Dealers' Licences authorising the use of the Special Designation "Sterilised."

All the premises are kept in a satisfactory condition.

Milk sampling is regularly carried out by the County Council, and I am indebted to Mr. Gregory, Chief Inspector, for the following information:—

One hundred and seventeen samples of raw milk were purchased for examination and analysis. One hundred and thirteen were found to be genuine and four sub-standard. These sub-standard samples were found to be very slightly deficient due to natural causes.

One hundred and two samples of pasteurised milk were obtained in accordance with the Milk (Special Designations) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regulations, all of which proved to be satisfactory.

Under these same Regulations, thirty-six milk bottles were subjected to bacteriological examination and all were found to be satisfactory.

Ice Cream.

During the year two registrations for the sale of ice-cream were issued, and at the end of the year there were thirty-five dealers on the register. The registration of such premises is usually made subject to the ice-cream being pre-packed or wrapped, and a satisfactory standard is thereby maintained.

One sample of ice-cream was purchased by the Weights and Measures Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council and was found to be genuine.

Slaughter-Houses.

There were no alterations in the number of slaughter-houses, three being licensed annually.

There are no knackers' yards or public slaughter-houses in the district.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1958

Seven persons were licensed as slaughterers under the provisions of the Act. Such licences are valid for one year only.

Meat and Food Inspection

Particulars of Carcasses inspected and condemned:—

| | Cattle excluding Cows | Cows | Calves | Sheep and Lambs | Pigs |
|---|-----------------------------|------|--------|-----------------------|-------|
| No. inspected | 110 | — | — | 345 | 6,004 |
| All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcasses condemned | — | — | — | — | 2 |
| Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned | 8 | — | — | 2 | 130 |
| Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis | 7.27 | — | — | 0.58 | 2.2 |
| Tuberculosis only— Whole carcasses condemned | — | — | — | — | 5 |
| Carcase of which some part or organ was condemned | 4 | — | — | — | 59 |
| Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis | 3.64 | — | — | — | 1.07 |

Total weight of meat condemned as a result of the above-mentioned inspections, 1,738 lbs.

During the period the following foods were surrendered as being unfit for human consumption:—

| | | Lbs. |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 85 tins | Meat (various) | 180 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 179 " | Tomatoes | 179 |
| 128 " | Vegetables (various) | 106 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 18 " | Soup (various) | 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 105 " | Fruit (various) | 99 |
| 4 " | Cream | 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 4 " | Coffee | $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 6 " | Rice | 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 22 " | Milk | 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 17 jars | Jelly | 5 |
| 2 " | Meat Paste | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1 " | Jam | 2 |
| 1 " | Sauce | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 4 pkts. | Cheese | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Total weight (in lbs.) | | 603 $\frac{3}{4}$ |

A blackcurrant tart was the subject of complaint and was found to contain a strip of metal, and as a result the manufacturers were cautioned.

The following articles were purchased in the district by the County Inspectors for examination and analysis and found to be genuine:—

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 Apricots, dried. | 1 Jam. |
| 1 Breakfast Cereal. | 1 Lard. |
| 1 Butter. | 1 Lemon Juice. |
| 1 Carrots, canned. | 1 Milk, condensed. |
| 1 Cascara Sagrada Tablets. | 1 Orange Crush. |
| 1 Cheese Spread. | 1 Pork Pie. |
| 1 Coffee and Chicory Essence. | 1 Sago Milk Pudding. |
| 1 Corn on the Cob, frozen. | 1 Savoury and Stuffing. |
| 1 Fish Paste. | 1 Scampi, peeled. |
| 2 Gin. | 1 Table Jelly. |
| | 2 Whisky. |

One sample of Pork Sausages was found to be 6.6% deficient in meat, and as a result the manufacturer was cautioned.

One sample of Full Cream Lollipops contained 5.08% fat foreign to cream and only 2.35% butter-fat. The article should not therefore have been described as "Full Cream," and the manufacturers were cautioned.

Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955.

Since the issue of leaflets indicating the requirements of the Regulations, a satisfactory standard in general in all food premises has been maintained. It was, however, necessary to issue verbal warnings for contraventions, principally dealing with the display of foodstuffs on footpaths fronting the shop premises.

All new food premises submitted for approval under the Council's Building Byelaws are examined to ensure compliance with the Regulations.

Food Premises

The number of food premises registered is as follows:—

| Type of Premises | No. | Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Sec. 16 |
|------------------------------|-----|---|
| Ice-Cream Premises | 35 | 35 |
| Butchers' Shops, etc. | 11 | 11 |
| Fried Fish Shops | 7 | 7 |
| Bakehouses | 4 | — |
| Canteens | 2 | — |
| Restaurant Kitchens | 3 | — |
| Public Houses | 14 | — |
| Licensed Clubs | 4 | — |

Premises where food is stored or prepared for sale are visited from time to time and the standard maintained is very satisfactory.

Food Poisoning.

No notifications were received throughout the year.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

General

The total number of Infectious and Notifiable Diseases notified during the year was 32, compared with 260, 53, 308, 78 and 367 for the five years immediately preceding. These cases are classified in the Tables on pages 37 and 38.

The number of notifications of each disease was as follows:—

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Cerebro-Spinal Fever | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 |
| Measles | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 |
| Pneumonia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |
| Poliomyelitis | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 |
| Scarlet Fever | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 |
| Tuberculosis | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12 |

Premises were disinfected where requested and disinfectant supplied to infected households.

Diphtheria.

For the eleventh year in succession no cases of Diphtheria were confirmed in the district.

Details of combined Diphtheria and Whooping Cough prophylactic treatment carried out during 1958 are as follows:—

| Age at time of treatment | No. of children who received | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Full course of 2 or 3 injections | Re-inforcing or "Booster" injection |
| Under 1 year ... | 86 | — |
| 1-4 years | 33 | 1 |
| 5-9 years | 11 | 99 |
| 10-15 years | — | 1 |
| Totals | 130 | 101 |

The work is carried out on behalf of the Nottinghamshire County Council. There are two Child Welfare Clinics available for the children of Eastwood, at Devonshire Drive and Dovecote Road, at which regular sessions are held.

Smallpox

Vaccination against Smallpox is also carried out on behalf of the County Council, and details of vaccinations carried out during the year are as follows:—

| Age at time of treatment | Primary Treatment | Re-vaccination |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Under 1 year ... | 33 | — |
| 1-4 years | 22 | — |
| 5-15 years | 4 | — |
| 15 years and over | 5 | — |
| Totals | 64 | — |

Poliomyelitis (Infantile Paralysis)

One case of this disease was notified during the year as compared with 1, 0 and 2 for the three preceding years.

In connection with the Poliomyelitis vaccination scheme, regular deliveries of American and Canadian Salk vaccine were received during 1958, together with small amounts of British vaccine. A concentrated programme of vaccination was carried out at clinics and schools throughout the district, and in addition general practitioners were supplied with vaccine. During the year the number of persons who received their primary course of vaccination, i.e., two injections at an interval of at least three weeks, was 1,489, which compares with 23 (children) for the previous year.

Details of treatment carried out in relation to age groups are as follows:—

| Age group | Number given 1st and 2nd inject'ns |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Under 1 year ... | 4 |
| 1-4 years | 333 |
| 5-9 years | 512 |
| 10-15 years | 623 |
| 15-25 years | 1 |
| Expectant Mothers | 16 |
| Total | 1,489 |

Measles

During the year 15 cases of Measles were notified, as compared with 223 and 4 for the two preceding years.

Whooping Cough

It is satisfactory to record that no cases of Whooping Cough were notified during 1958. During the two preceding years there were 10 and 29 cases notified.

Details of the numbers of children who received prophylactic treatment are as contained in the Table on page No. 33 under the heading of Diphtheria, as one injection is now given of a combined Diphtheria and Whooping Cough vaccine.

Scarlet Fever

One case was notified as compared with 2, 1, 3, 6 and 10 for the preceding five years.

Pneumonia

There were 2 cases of Pneumonia notified during the year as compared with 2 and 6 for the two previous years.

Tuberculosis

Fourteen cases of all forms of this disease were added to the District Register during the year, as compared with 11, 8, 17, 11 and 14 during the preceding five years.

The following Table shows the age and sex distribution of the notified cases (including both new cases and cases moved into the district from elsewhere) and deaths from tuberculosis during 1958.

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS DURING 1958

| Age Periods | New cases and Inward Transfers Added to Register | | | | Deaths | | | |
|-------------------|--|----|-------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------------|----|
| | Pulmonary | | Non- Pulmonary | | Pulmonary | | Non- Pulmonary | |
| | M. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. |
| Under 1 year ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 1 — 4 years ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 5 — 14 „ ... | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15 — 24 „ ... | 3 | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 25 — 34 „ ... | 2 | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 35 — 44 „ ... | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 45 — 54 „ ... | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 55 — 64 „ ... | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 65 years and over | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Totals ... | 10 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Fourteen cases were removed from the District Register during the year as follows:--

| | | | | Pulmonary | | Non-Pulmonary | |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|----|---------------|----|
| | | | | M. | F. | M. | F. |
| Recoveries | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 4 | 1 | — |
| Deaths | ... | ... | ... | 2 | — | — | — |
| Removals from District | ... | | | 2 | 1 | — | — |
| Not confirmed as T.B. | ... | | | — | 2 | — | — |
| | | | | — | — | — | — |
| Totals | ... | ... | | 6 | 7 | 1 | — |
| | | | | — | — | — | — |

There were 107 names of persons residing in the district on the Register of Cases on 31st December, 1958, as follows:—

Pulmonary Cases

47 Males

41 Females

Non-Pulmonary Cases

8 Males

11 Females

No action was taken during the year under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations relating to persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade, nor under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, which provides for the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

ANALYSIS OF NOTIFIED CASES DURING THE YEAR 1958

ACCORDING TO AGE GROUPS

| Disease | AGE GROUPS | | | | | | | | | | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------------------|
| | Under 1 Year | 1 to 2 | 2 to 3 | 3 to 4 | 4 to 5 | 5 to 10 | 10 to 15 | 15 to 20 | 20 to 35 | 35 to 45 | 45 to 65 | | 65 and over |
| Cerebro-Spinal Fever ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| Diphtheria | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Dysentery | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Encephalitis Lethargica ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Enteric Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Erysipelas | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Food Poisoning | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Measles | — | 3 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 3 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 15 |
| Ophthalmia Neonatorum | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Paratyphoid Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Pneumonia | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 |
| Polio-myelitis | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| Puerperal Pyrexia or Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Scarlet Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| Tuberculosis | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 12 |
| Whooping Cough | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

**PREVALENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE
LAST 10 YEARS
(Confirmed Cases)**

| Disease | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Cerebro-Spinal Fever ... | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Diphtheria | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Dysentery | — | 1 | 1 | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 13 | — |
| Encephalitis Lethargica ... | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — |
| Enteric Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Erysipelas | — | — | — | 2 | 4 | — | 2 | 2 | — | — |
| Food Poisoning | — | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — |
| Measles | 91 | 10 | 311 | 24 | 295 | 2 | 256 | 4 | 223 | 15 |
| Ophthalmia Neonatorum | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Paratyphoid Fever | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Pneumonia | 11 | 9 | 19 | 3 | 18 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| Poliomyelitis | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | 1 | 2 | — | 1 | 1 |
| Puerperal Pyrexia or Fever | — | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | — |
| Scarlet Fever | 27 | 44 | 23 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Tuberculosis | 18 | 12 | 9 | 12* | 10* | 9* | 16* | 7* | 8* | 12* |
| Whooping Cough | 25 | 78 | 45 | 32 | 28 | 52 | 14 | 29 | 10 | — |
| TOTALS | 172 | 156 | 409 | 77 | 367 | 78 | 308 | 53 | 260 | 32 |

* New cases only—Inward Transfers not included

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948

PART I OF THE ACT

1.—INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

| Premises | Number on Register | Inspections | Number of Written Notices | Occupiers prosecuted |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority | 1 | — | — | — |
| (ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority | 37 | 33 | 1 | — |
| (iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises) | — | — | — | — |
| Total | 38 | 33 | 1 | — |

2.—CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

| Particulars | Number of cases in which defects were found | | Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted | |
|--|---|----------|---|-------------------|
| | Found | Remedied | Referred To H.M. Inspector | By H.M. Inspector |
| Want of Cleanliness (S.1) ... | — | — | — | — |
| Unsuitable or Defective Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) | 1 | 1 | — | — |
| Total | 1 | 1 | — | — |

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111)

| Nature of Work | No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c) | Section 110 | | Section 111 | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council | No. of prose- cutions for failure to supply lists | No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises | Notices served | Prose- cutions |
| Wearing apparel— Making, etc. ... | 10 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Lace, lace curtains and nets | 1 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | 11 | — | — | — | — | — |

